How and Why WordEngine Improves TOEIC and TOEFL Scores

JALT CALL

June 8, 2014

Presenter: Guy Cihi



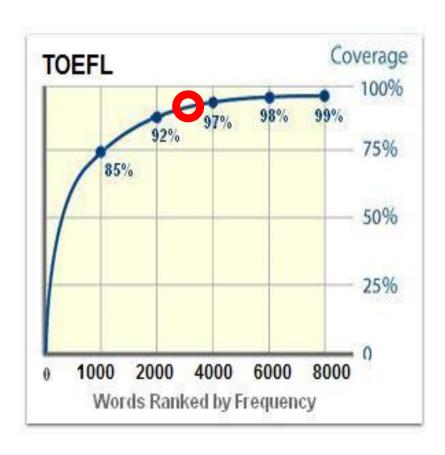


info@lexxica.co.jp

Word Engin€ Presentation Outline

- TOEIC/TOEFL High frequency vocabulary
- WordEngine system introduction
- TOEIC and TOEFL Score Data Showing WordEngine Increases Test Scores
- How and why scores go up

Vocabulary - how much is enough?

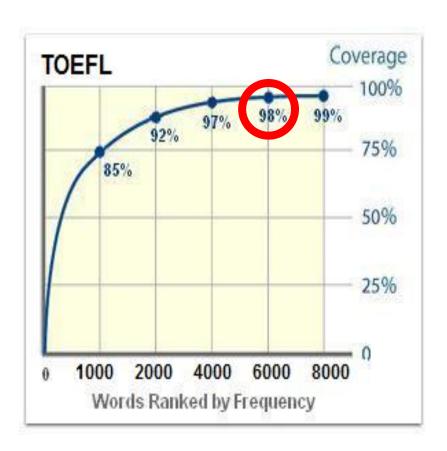


95% coverage of vocabulary is the tipping point for successful comprehension.

Laufer (1989)

"Tipping point = more readers than non-readers at 95%."

Vocabulary - how much is enough?



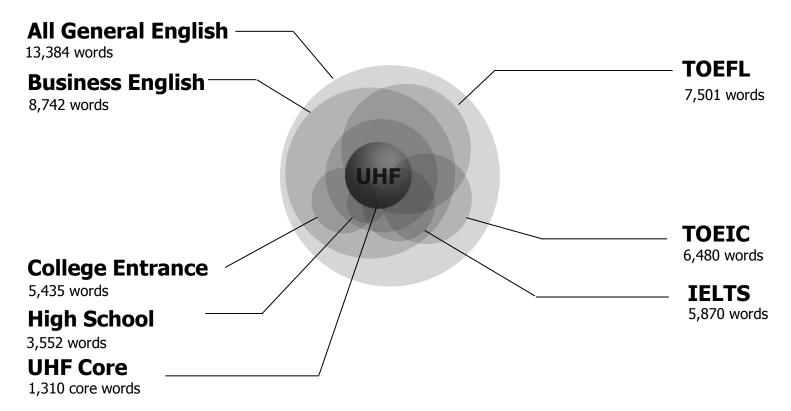
98% coverage is needed for both adequate comprehension and to be able to guess or skip over unknown words based on context.

Hu and Nation (2000)

"WordEngine provides 99% coverage."

Word Engin€ Domain-specific HFV

Lexxica identifies the specific words that cover 99% of each subject.



"The specific words are quite different in each domain."

TOEIC Corpus Analysis

1,250,000 total words

14,652 different words

457 UHF words constitute 80% of all occurrences.

1,715 SHF words constitute 95% of all occurrences.

6,480 HF words constitute 99% of all occurrences.

"Based on scans of actual and practice tests 50/50."



TOEFL Corpus Analysis

1,250,000 total words

16,736 different words

655 UHF words constitute 80% of all occurrences.

2,875 SHF words constitute 95% of all occurrences.

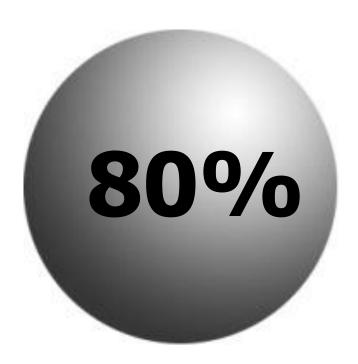
7,501 HF words constitute 99% of all occurrences.

"Based on scans of actual and practice tests 50/50."



"Absolutely essential!"

TOEIC TOEF Words 457 655



0% to 80% = Ultra High Frequency Range

"1,800 to 2,300 total item occurrences in all parts of every test are words from within the Ultra High Frequency range."

"The difference between okay and good"

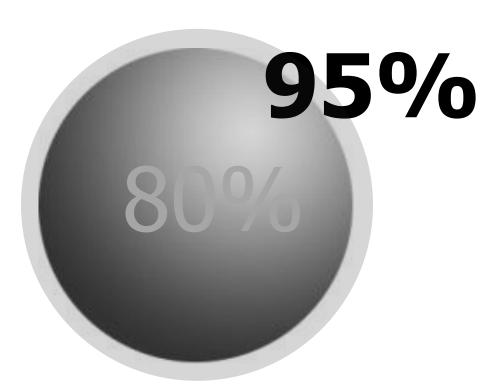
TOEICWords

1258

Words 655

457

2220



91% to 95% = Super High Frequency Range

"80 to 200 total item occurrences in all parts of every test are words from within the Super High Frequency range."

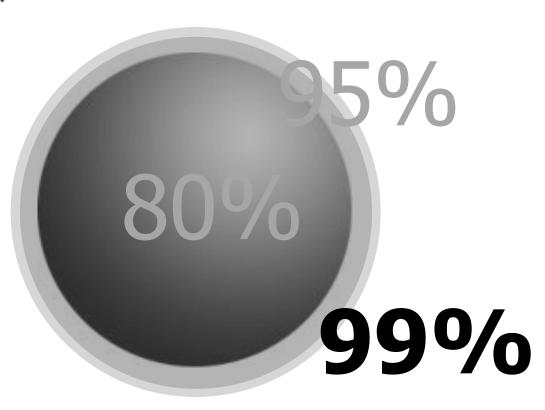
"The difference between good and great"

TOEIC TOEFL Words

457 655

1258 2220

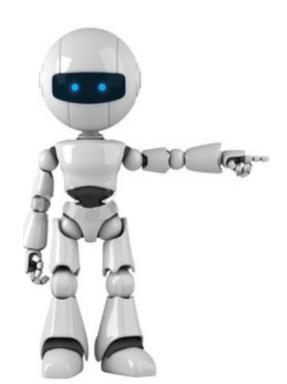
4765 4626



96% to 99% = High Frequency Range

"5 to 75 total item occurrences in all parts of every test are words from among the High Frequency range."





1/3 of the SHF words in all parts of TOEIC and TOEFL are not SHF in General English.

95% of test questions are <u>recycled</u>. 5% are new questions that are in the process of being measured for difficulty.

What does it mean for learners?



EFL students <u>can't</u> learn the words they need because they <u>aren't in</u> their study and reading materials.

"Because their materials are simplified."

ETS's advice for scoring higher on TOEIC and TOEFL is to read <u>authentic texts.</u>

"Graded readers can't help because the vocabulary is simplified."



How much authentic text is needed?

Based on incidence of occurrence research by Rob Waring, they'll need to read 12,500 hours of authentic text in order to meet the lower frequency test words often enough to know them.

A statistical analysis of the number of English words you need to meet (at given recurrence rates) to 'learn' that number of words

A Word rank	В	C (= 100 / B) Number of running words needed to be met to meet all these words once	D (= x times C) Volume of text you need to read to meet the words at these recurrence rates				E (= D / Book length)				
Word rank	Percentage of general						Number of books to cover this volume given these recurrence rates				
	English that this word covers		5 times	10 times	20 times	50 times	Book length	5 times	10 times	20 times	50 times
1 st most frequent (the)	5.83898%	17 (1)	86	171	343	856	4,500	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2
2 nd most frequent (<i>be</i>)	5.12332%	20	98	195	390	976	4,500	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2
25 th (as)	0.44382%	225	1,127	2,253	4,506	11,266	4,500	0.3	0.5	1.0	2.5
50 th (like)	0.24109%	415	2,074	4,148	8,296	20,739	4,500	0.5	0.9	1.8	4.6
100 th (hear)	0.10505%	952	4,759	9,519	19,038	47,595	4,500	1.1	2.1	4.2	10.6
500 th (present)	0.02477%	4,037	20,183	40,366	80,732 (4)	201,829	4,500	4.5	9.0	17.9	44.9
1000 th (blood)	0.01172%	8,533 (3)	42,665	85,329	170,658	426,645	10,000	4.3	8.5	17.1	42.7
1500 th (intent)	0.00677%	14,773	73,864	147,727	295,455	738,636	15,000	4.9	9.8	19.7	49.2
2000 th (stumble)	0.00432% (2)	23,103	115,625	231,250	462,500	1,156,250	20,000	5.8	11.6	23.1	57.8
3000 th (sergeant)	0.00211%	47,343	236,713	473,425	946,850	2,367,126	30,000	7.9	15.8	31.6	78.9
5000 th (satellite)	0.00076%	132,143	660,714	1,321,429	2,642,857	6,607,143	80,000	8.3	16.5	33.0	82.6
10,000 th (relativity)	0.00016%	632,000	3,164,474	6,328,947	12,657,895	31,644,733	80,000	39.6	79.1 (5)	158.2	395.6

- Examples: (1) The most frequent word in English (the) covers 5.839% of any general English text (i.e. it occurs once in every 17 words).
 - (2) The 2000th most frequent word in English covers 0.00432% of any general English text (and occurs once every 23,103 words).
 - (3) To meet all the 1000 most frequent words in English once, you'd need to read 8,533 words.
 - (4) To meet all the 500 most frequent words in English 20 times, you'd need to read 80,732 words. (5) To meet all the 10,000 most frequent words in English 10 times, you'd need to read 79.1 books that are 80,000 words long.

© R. Waring 2007

Reading at 100 <u>authentic</u> words per minute it will require...

3 hours each day for 8.5 years

"Sorry, no holidays."

Reading at 100 graded reader words per minute it will require until...

Never

"Because graded readers are simplified."

Introducing

Word Engin€

Main Attributes - 1

WordEngine starts with an ability test called V-Check







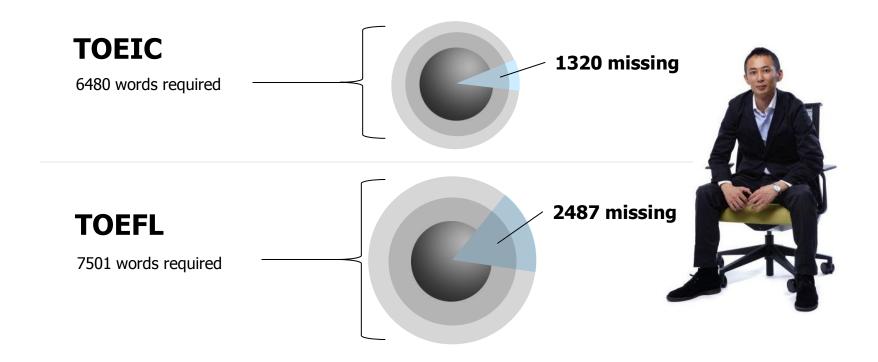
Part 1: LDT Questions
Quick estimate

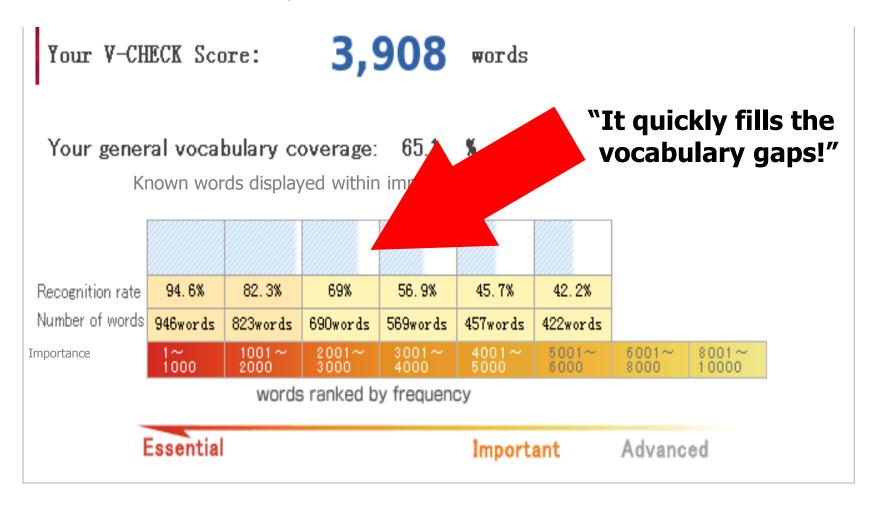
Part 2: Definitions
Refined estimate

Part 3: Actual Study
Confirmed score

High Speed Vocabulary Learning System

WordEngine identifies each student's missing UHF, SHF and HF words, and then teaches them in the order of importance.





Unknown Ultra High and Super High Frequency words are taught first.









One-parameter Logistic Model

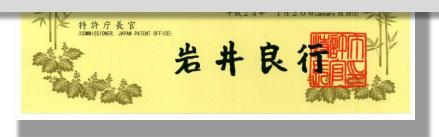
Using the Rasch model, we can calculate the probability of an examinee answering an item correctly with the following formula:

$$P_{t}(\theta) = \frac{e^{(\theta-b_{t})}}{1 + e^{(\theta-b_{t})}}$$

where $P_i(\theta)$ is the probability of a randomly chosen examinee with ability θ answering item i correctly.

- e is the base of natural logarithms (2.718)
- θ is the person ability measured in logits
- b_i is the difficulty parameter of the item measured in logits

International patents for identifying which specific words are known and unknown.



Main Attributes - 2

High speed games for computers and mobile devices









The average study pace is 300 words per hour

Current Perspectives on Teaching the Four Skills

ELI HINKEL

Seattle University Seattle, Washington, United States

"A vast body of research has established that direct and explicit teaching represents the most effective and efficient means of teaching vocabulary, and incidental learning through reading leads to significantly lower rates of vocabulary retention"

Comprehension problems, at all ages, are directly associated with vocabulary naming-speed deficits; the lack of automaticity.

Ackerman, & Dykman (1993); Badian (1995, 1996); Bowers Steffy & Tate (1988); Denckla, & Rudel (1976); Grigorenko (1997); Lovett (1992, 1995); McBride, & Manis (1996)

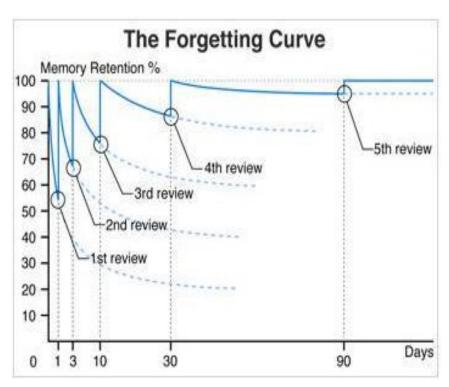
"Problem solved!"

Main Attributes - 3

Inculcates long-term memory retention

Spaced Repetition

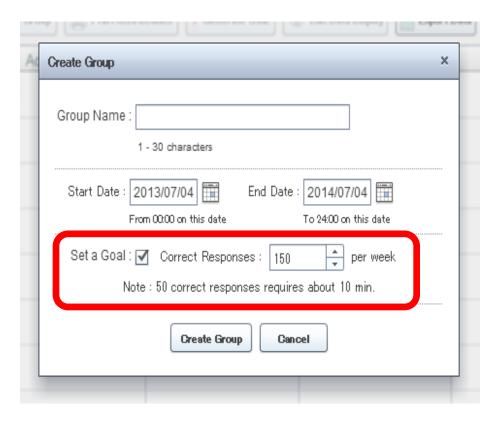
A proven way to transfer knowledge from short-term to long-term memory.



The Forgetting Curve. Dr. Hermann Ebbinghaus

Main Attributes - 4

Teacher sets the weekly study goal – set and forget!



Main Attributes - 5

Teacher receives automatic weekly email progress reports

Goal hit!

Goal miss

OC-212
Weekly Goal 300 Correct Responses (CR)
Goal Hit: Name: Login ID: Minutes: CR

Yes: Kitoh Ayami: g1211772: 94: 508
Yes: fujita takahiro: g1215219: 45: 324
Yes: Nozue Shuhei: g1214599: 56: 314
Yes: Yamano Moeka: g1216425: 47: 309
Yes: kondo masamitsu: g1212249: 45: 306
No: Oda Kenta: g1211196: 36: 184
No: nakhara asato: g1214166: 29: 151
No: kanazawa kenta: g1211402: 27: 141
No: yamamoto akio: g1216452: 20: 141

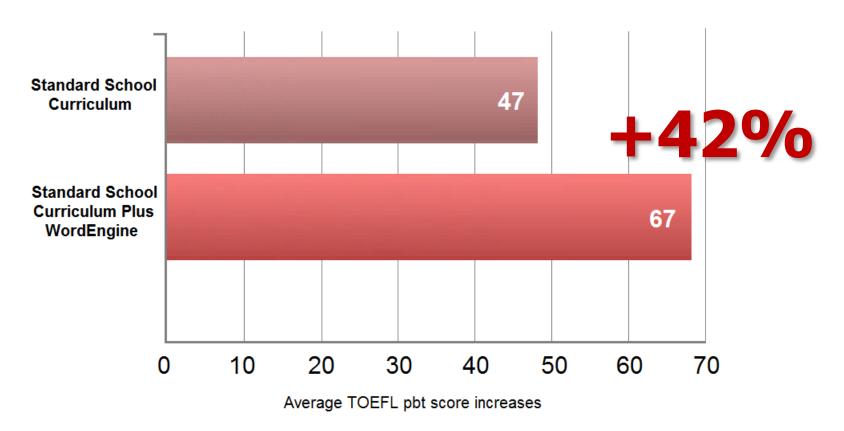
Main Attributes - 6

An automatic quiz generator produces unique quizzes for each student yet with a common answer key.

Word Engine Quiz Group: E2 2013				
Course : All Course	s			
Student : 20202 / **				
These are words that y	ou recently learned with th	e WordEngine. Write the lett	er of the correct word in	the space at right.
				and of meet an area
	e elected to a position			
	e elected to a position b. bundle	c. loaf	d. adverb	1
one who seeks to b a. candidate	b. bundle	c. loaf	d. adverb	1
one who seeks to b	b. bundle	c. loaf	d. adverb	1
one who seeks to b a. candidate	b. bundle	c. loafc. industry	d. adverb	1 2
one who seeks to b a. candidate the process of mak a. goal	b. bundle ing products b. essay			1 2
one who seeks to b a. candidate the process of mak	b. bundle ing products b. essay			1 2

Actual TOEFL pbt score improvements

for students who scored below 400 on their first TOEFL



Source: Dr. David Coulson, University of Nigata Prefecture 2011

Actual TOEFL pbt score improvements

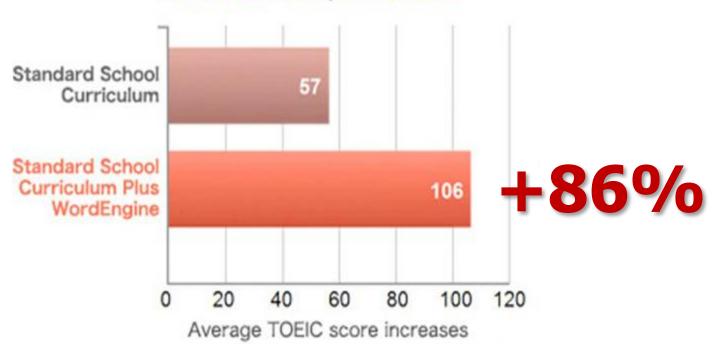
for students who scored above 400 on their first TOEFL



Source: Dr. David Coulson, University of Nigata Prefecture 2011

Word Engin€ Actual TOEIC Results

TOEIC score improvements

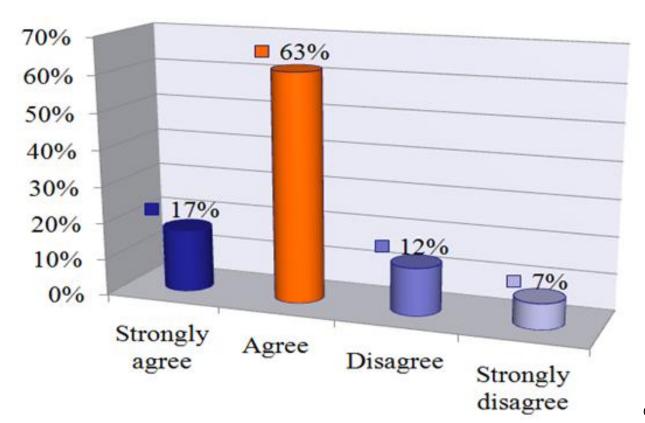


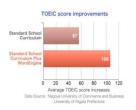
Data Source : Nagoya University of Commerce and Business University of Nigata Prefecture



Students like WordEngine because it's fast, and they know it works

WordEngine is a fast way to learn new TOEIC vocabulary





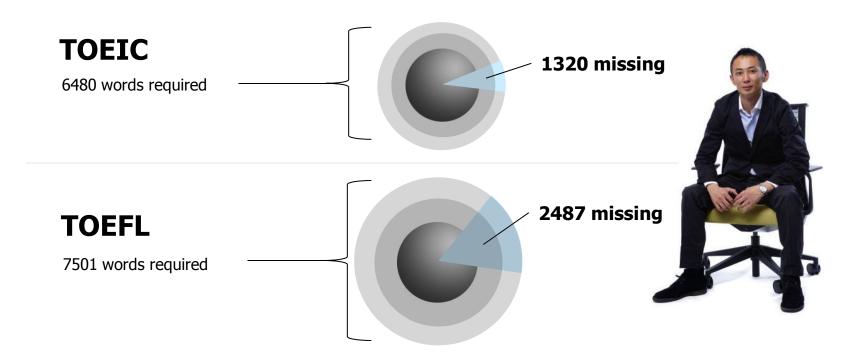


Scores go up fast because WordEngine teaches the specific words that occur most often on these tests.

Scores go up fast because students process <u>all</u> English faster after regularly exercising their lexical recognition skills with WordEngine.

Word Engin€ Learn your missing UHF, SHF and HF words

High Speed Vocabulary Learning System



WordEngine teaches the most important words that you don't already know.

Contact Lexxica to start a trial program at your school.

"Costs less than 30¢ a week!"

Lexxica R&D 2-7-8 Shibuya 5F Shibuya-ku, Tokyo 150-0002

info@lexxica.co.jp

